

PROTECTGUARD WF PREMIUM - 2138

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : PROTECTGUARD WF PREMIUM
Product code : 2138.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Protection product Porous mineral substrates

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : GUARD INDUSTRIE S.A.S..
Address : 7 Rue Gutenberg,93100.Montreuil.France.
Telephone : 0155861760. Fax : 0148581689.
info@guardindustrie.com
www.guardindustrie.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA <http://www.centres-antipoison.net>.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).
Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS07



GHS02

Signal Word :

WARNING

Hazard statements :

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements - General :

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

P103

Read label before use.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P264

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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Precautionary statements - Response :

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container referring to the local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) $\geq 0.1\%$ published by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: <http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table>

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: GI7204.1 CAS: 5593-70-4 EC: 227-006-8	GHS05, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315		$1 \leq x \% < 2.5$
TETRABUTANOATE DE TITANE	Eye Dam. 1, H318		
INDEX: 603-001-00-X CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	GHS02, GHS06, GHS08 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H331	[1]	$0 \leq x \% < 1$
METHANOL	Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H301 STOT SE 1, H370		

Information on ingredients :

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

Seek for medical attention after any long exposure.

Keep the patient calm. If unconscious place in stable sideways position. Protect against loss of body heat. In cases of sickness seek medical advice (show label or SDS if possible).

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Wash immediately and thoroughly with water. Take off the sullied clothes. In case of persisting irritation, seek for medical attention. Wash sullied clothes before using them again.

Wash with water and soap. if any sign/symptom develops seek for medical assistance.

In the event of swallowing :

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water make drink slowly.

Do not induce vomiting.

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Seek medical advice immediately and clearly identify substance.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) is readily and rapidly absorbed at all exposure routes and is toxic by all routes. Methanol may cause irritation of the mucosa, as well as nausea, vomiting, headaches, vertigo and visual disorders, including blindness (irreversible damage to the optic nerve), acidosis, spasms, narcosis and coma. There may be a delay in the onset of these effects after exposure. Further toxicology information in section 11 must be observed.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- powder
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- dry sand

Alcohol resistant foam.

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Risk of hazardous gasses or fumes in the event of fire. Exposure to combustion products may be a health hazard! Hazardous combustion products: carbon oxides , silicon oxides , incompletely burnt hydrocarbons , toxic and very toxic fumes .

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Secure the area. Wear personal protection equipment (see section 8). Keep unprotected persons away. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale gases/vapours/aerosols. If material is released indicate risk of slipping. Do not walk through spilled material.

For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

Spilled product can make the floor slippery.

Take up mechanically and dispose of according to local/state/federal regulations. Do not flush away with water. For small amounts: Absorb with a neutral (non-acidic / non-basic) liquid binding material such as diatomaceous earth and dispose of according to government regulations. For large amounts: Liquids may be recovered using suction devices or pumps.

If flammable, only air driven or properly rated electrical equipment should be used. Clean any slippery coating that remains using a detergent / soap solution or another biodegradable cleaner. Silicone fluids are slippery; spills are a safety hazard. Apply sand or other inert granular material to improve traction.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Relevant information given on disposal (section 13).

Relevant information given on personal protective equipment (section 8) .

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged : always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid eye contact with this mixture.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

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SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2017/164/UE, 2009/161/UE, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE)

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
67-56-1	260	200	-	-	Peau

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-56-1	200 ppm	250 ppm		Skin; BEI	

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 21/06/2010) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
67-56-1		200 ppm 270 mg/m3		4(II)

- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
67-56-1	200	260	1000	1300	(12)	84

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-56-1	200 ppm 266 mg/m3	250 ppm 333 mg/m3		Sk	

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Natural latex
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

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Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

In case of use inside or in an area that is not correctly ventilated, use an ABEK-filter mask or a respiratory apparatus of protection autonomus insulator.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :

Physical state : Fluid liquid.

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH : Not relevant.

Boiling point/boiling range : 180°C à 1013 hPa

Flash Point : 40.00 °C.

Method for determining the flash point:

ISO 3679 (Determination of flash point - Rapid equilibrium closed cup method).

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) : Néant

Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) : Néant

Vapour pressure (50°C) : Not relevant.

Density : 1,03 à 25°C

Water solubility : Insoluble.

Viscosity : (cinématique) 14mm²/s à 25°C

Viscosity : 7 mm²/s <= v <= 14 mm²/s (40°C)

Melting point/melting range : Not specified.

Self-ignition temperature : 300 °C.

Decomposition point/decomposition range : Not specified.

9.2. Other information

solubility in water: Hydrolytic decomposition occu

Explosion limits for released methanol: 5.5 - 44%(V)

Sustained combustibility > 110°C (ISO 9038)

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.

- heating

- heat

- flames and hot surfaces

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- frost
- humidity

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- water
- acids
- bases

Reaction causes the formation of: methanol .

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Under the effect of humidity, water and protic agents: methanol . Measurements have shown the formation of small amounts of formaldehyde at temperatures above about 150 °C (302 °F) through oxidation.

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

TETRABUTANOATE DE TITANE (CAS: 5593-70-4)

Oral route : LD50 = 3122 mg/kg
Species : Rat

11.1.2. Mixture

Acute toxicity :

LD50 > 2000 mg/kg
LC50 > 240 mg/l

Other information

Hydrolysis product / impurity: Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) is readily and rapidly absorbed at all exposure routes and is toxic by all routes. Methanol may cause irritation of the mucosa, as well as nausea, vomiting, headaches, vertigo and visual disorders, including blindness (irreversible damage to the optic nerve), acidosis, spasms, narcosis and coma. There may be a delay in the onset of these effects after exposure.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrolysis product / impurity: Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) is readily and rapidly absorbed at all exposure routes and is toxic by all routes. Methanol may cause irritation of the mucosa, as well as nausea, vomiting, headaches, vertigo and visual disorders, including blindness (irreversible damage to the optic nerve), acidosis, spasms, narcosis and coma. There may be a delay in the onset of these effects after exposure.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

bioaccumulation is not probable.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Silicone content: Absorbed by floating particles. Separation by sedimentation.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

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12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

Recommendation: Material that cannot be used, reprocessed or recycled should be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations at an approved facility. Depending on the regulations, waste treatment methods may include, e.g., landfill or incineration.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

-

14.2. UN proper shipping name

-

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

-

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road transport : Not regulated in Class 3 - ADR/RID 2.2.3.1.1 NOTE 1 - Substance does not sustain combustion

Rail transport : Not regulated in Class 3 - ADR/RID 2.2.3.1.1 NOTE 1 - Substance does not sustain combustion

Ship transport : Not regulated in Class 3 - IMDG 2.3.1.3 - as the substance does not sustain combustion!

Air transport : Not regulated in Class 3 - IATA 3.3.1.3 / ICAO 3.1.3 - Substance does not sustain combustion!

Relevant information in other sections has to be considered

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SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

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No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs .

Abbreviations :

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.